



## Highlights

- Create a high-quality animatable **3D Head Avatar**
- Input Flexibility:** Single-image, few-shot, monocular video, ...
- Heads are **full 360°** viewable
- Bias Sinks** combine strengths of **2D datasets** (generalization) and **multi-view datasets** (completeness/quality)

## 3D Head Avatars from any Inputs



## The Challenge

Input  $\pi_{target} = \pi_{drive} \quad \pi_{target} \neq \pi_{drive}$   
**Incomplete Head!**

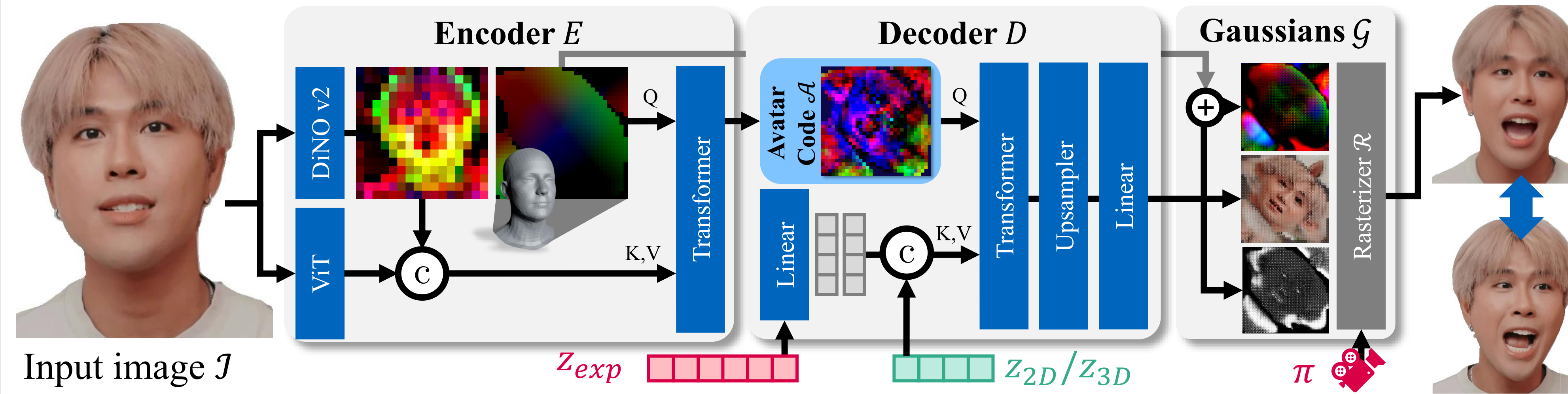
- X** 3D data: **Not enough**
- X** 2D data: **Entangles** target viewpoint and expression  
=> **Incomplete Heads**

## The Solution

**Training:** Learnable  $z_{3D}/z_{2D}$  tokens (bias sinks) indicate a **training sample's source dataset**

**Inference:** Always feed in  $z_{3D}$  => inherit **completeness from 3D** and keep **generalization from 2D**

## Method



## FlexAvatar Creation Steps

- Run Encoder  $E$  on single image to get Avatar Code  $\mathcal{A}$
- Fit  $\mathcal{A}$  with  $z_{bias} = z_{3D}$  against all inputs
- Animate via  $z_{exp}$   
Render via  $\pi$

## Complete 360° Head



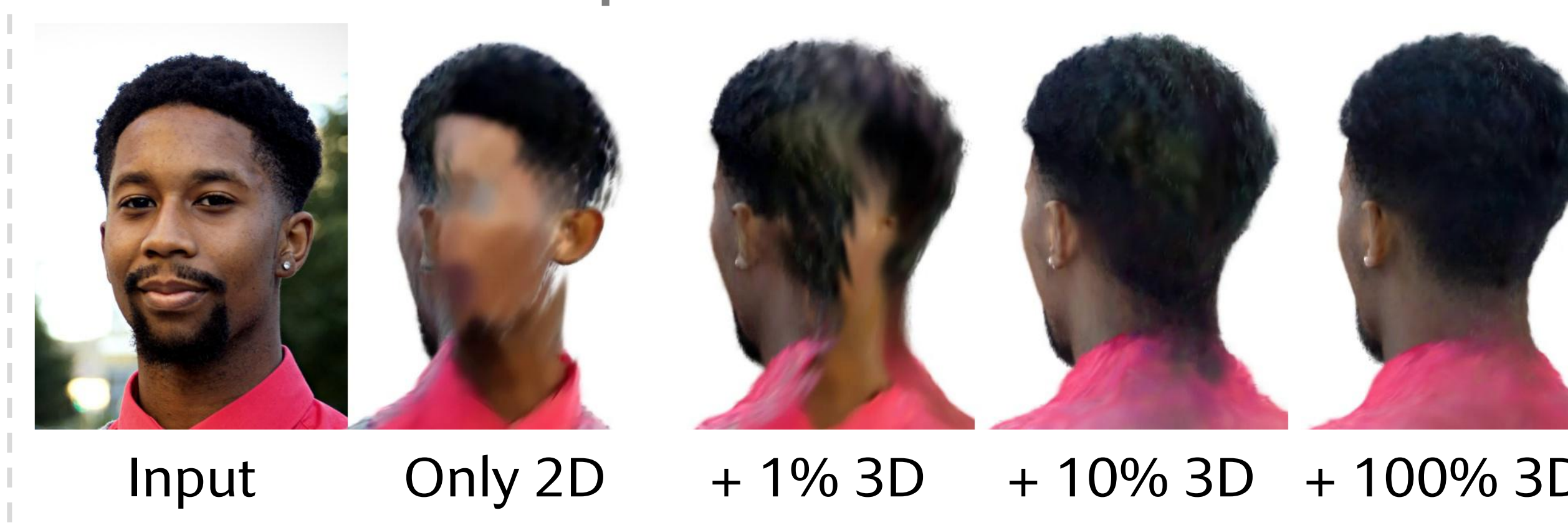
## Effect of Fitting



## Data & Bias Sinks Ablation



## 3D Data Requirement for Bias Sinks



## Conclusion

- X** Simple joint 2D and 3D training leads to **data source separation**
- Capture desired properties in **learnable  $z_{3D}$  token**
- Bridge remaining gap via **fitting**